

THE OKLAHOMA CITY TIMES

EXCLUSIVE ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

VOL. XXVI, No. 292 CITY EDITION OKLAHOMA CITY, MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1915 PRICE ONE CENT

PRZEMYSL FALLS TO SLAV FORCES

Relentless Siege of Galician Stronghold Ends After Many Months.

AUSTRIAN RELIEF PLANS FAIL

Russian Success in North Prussia Also Is Announced; Storms at Dardanelles.

LONDON, March 22.—The great Galician fortress of Przemyśl, which the Austrians had so staunchly defended since the early days of the war, early today fell into the hands of the Russian besiegers. The last of the fortress was captured some days ago. The final act of the drama began near the close of the week when the commandant deliberately expended his reserve ammunition and sent the bulk of the garrison out on the forlorn hope of cutting its way eastward through the besiegers.

With the strong Russian line tightly drawn around the fortress the effort apparently was hopeless from the start. Six thousand Austrians were captured while as many more fell dead or wounded. The shattered remnants of the force fled back to the fortress.

The garrison of Przemyśl originally numbered 60,000 or 80,000 men, but sorties and shells must have cut thousands from that total.

The besieging army is understood to number about 120,000. This force now will march on the strong Austrian fortress of Cracow, 125 miles to the east of Przemyśl. It is the announced intention of the Russian commander-in-chief to reduce the ancient Polish capital as speedily as possible.

LONDON, March 22.—The Exchange Telegraph company has a dispatch from its Petrograd correspondent saying that great enthusiasm was manifested in Petrograd on the receipt of the news. Crowds of people thronged the streets, cheering and indulging in patriotic demonstrations.

The fortress was occupied by Russian troops immediately after its surrender.

LONDON, March 22.—The British official press bureau this afternoon issued the following statement:

"Information has been received that the fortress of Przemyśl has fallen and that the garrison has surrendered to Russian arms."

(Continued on Last Page.)

TWO NOTES ARE BEING WRITTEN

One to Great Britain Objects to Features in Blockade Order; Damages Wanted From Germany.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—It is stated definitely at the White House today that a note to Great Britain concerning some features of the order in council is being framed and will be dispatched to London in a few days. The basis of the representations was not disclosed.

Representatives to Germany for reparations for the loss of the American sailing ship William P. Frye and her cargo, sunk in the South Atlantic by the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich also are being prepared and will be dispatched to Berlin in two or three days.

The representations to Great Britain are expected to dwell chiefly on Great Britain's notice that she reserves the right to hold up all goods suspected of having an enemy origin or destination even though they are consigned to neutral ports.

OLD SOLDIER IS FOUND

Relatives Placed Flowers on Confederate Grave for Fifty Years; Sister Locates Him.

ST. LOUIS, March 22.—After he had been mourned as dead for fifty years John Wesley Franz, a veteran of the war between the states, has been found in a small town near San Francisco, Cal., relatives here learned today. Mr. Franz was found by his sister, Mrs. William H. Harris of Kirkwood, a local suburb.

Franz served in the Confederate army under General Sterling Price. His regiment was captured and placed in the Union prison at Alton, Ill. Believing he had died here, members of the Franz family here for more than fifty years visited the Alton cemetery each decoration day and placed flowers on one of the unmarked Confederate graves.

Mrs. Marvill, while at a social in Los Angeles, mentioned that her maiden name was Franz. Another guest said he knew an old man of that name and the search which followed resulted in the finding of the long lost veteran.

CHANGES ARE SUGGESTED FOR PANAMA DEFENSES

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Development of defenses of the Panama canal, some of them suggested by operations in the European war, were advocated by Major General Edwards commanding the forces of the fifth military conference at Panama regarding these things.

General Wood conferred with the war department before leaving for Galveston to inspect defenses there. Immediately afterward he will go to New Orleans and sail for Colon.

SCOTT IS SUCCESSFUL

Returning With Four Kneegate Plute Indians and Says All Is Quiet in Southern Utah.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Secretary Garrison today said General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff, had succeeded in persuading the four Plute Indians in Utah, who had first resisted the efforts of United States marshals to arrest Tse-Ning, to submit to arrest. General Scott who in a message from Bluff announcing the success of his mission said he was on his way to Salt Lake City with the four Plutes, that all was quiet when he left southern Utah.

Secretary Garrison who had been somewhat anxious for General Scott's safety, was greatly relieved when notified that the general had succeeded in his mission. The secretary promptly sent a message of congratulation to General Scott, who in undertaking his mission, went unarmed and accompanied only by an orderly and two Navajo scouts. By the general's successful mission to Tse-Ning, the latter is now another to his long record of successful peace making missions.

CREWS ARE PRAISED

Secretary Daniels Commends Those on San Diego and Fulton Who Rescued Comrades After Explosion.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Commander's letters have just been sent by Secretary Daniels to the crews of the armored cruiser San Diego and the submarine tender Fulton for gallant action at the time of the explosion on those vessels recently.

The San Diego's boiler tubes blew out after a scumming that cut the west coast of Mexico and injured and killed several. In the explosion of the Fulton's boiler at the Charleston navy yard January 19 resulted in the serious injury of several of her crew.

Carlisle J. Christman and Maurice Twomey, both first-class machinists aboard the Fulton, who rescued the crew of the San Diego, were commended by Secretary Daniels, who in a letter to the crew of the San Diego, commended the crew of the San Diego for their gallant action at the time of the explosion.

Similar work was done aboard the San Diego by six men who also will receive letters of commendation.

ZEPPELIN RAID FAILS

Whirling of Motors Warns Paris and Artillery Causes Them to Retreat Before Reaching City.

CALAIS, via Paris, March 22.—The third Zeppelin attack upon this city, timed at almost the precise hour that the aerial raid was made upon Paris early Sunday morning, was made ineffective because the whirling of the airship's motors gave adequate warning of their approach. The Zeppelins came from the direction of the sea, but received such vigorous bombardment from French artillery that they retreated before they reached the city. It is supposed here that they intended to make another effort to drop bombs in the harbor and on the railroad junction.

OFFICER IS DROWNED

Boat Bearing Commander of American Ship and Three Sailors Is Swamped in Bosphorus.

CONSTANTINOPLE, via Berlin and London, March 22.—Lieutenant Commander William Bricker of the United States converted yacht Scorpion, and three sailors named Ford, Dowd and Leverage were drowned the night of March 20 while attempting to reach the vessel with a rowboat. The Scorpion was anchored in the Bosphorus off Constantinople.

The rowboat was swamped in a heavy sea. Lieutenant Herbert S. Rabbitt and one sailor were saved.

Lieutenant Commander Bricker arrived at Constantinople only on March 16 to succeed Lieutenant Commander Edward McCauley, Jr., in command of the Scorpion.

The Scorpion is a converted yacht purchased for the navy in 1890. It has a displacement of 850 tons and has been stationed at Constantinople for some time.

Lieutenant Commander Bricker, who formerly was naval attaché at the American embassy at Paris, left that city February 28 for Constantinople to assume command of the Scorpion. He was appointed to the naval academy from Pennsylvania on September 19, 1890.

"TRAP" CHARGES PROTESTED BY KANSAS CITY SHIPPERS

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 22.—Freight shippers and officials of commercial organizations of Kansas City and vicinity protested "trap" charges sought by the railroads at a hearing today before George N. Brown, special examiner for the interstate commerce commission.

"Trap" charges, consisting of the gathering of less than car lots of freight at various sidings of a city and the hauling of it to freight depots or the delivery of a siding in the case of inbound freight, is without charge at present. The railroads seek to make a charge of four cents a hundred for freight handled in that way.

AMERICANS IN ENGLAND ARE HARD HIT NOW BY WAR TAXES

Americans in England are said to be hard hit by war taxes. Additional war and surtaxes have brought average income tax up to 12 per cent. Income above \$40,000 are subject to 25 per cent. Americans paying income taxes here must also pay in England. W. W. Astor suffering heavily by this rule.

RATES ON GRAIN WOULD BE LESS

Inauguration of Commodity Tariff Means Reduction Says Railroad Witness.

EVEN IF INCREASE IS ASKED

South Dakota, Minnesota And Iowa Particularly Affected By Change.

CHICAGO, March 22.—Although the forty-one western railroad systems are applying for increases in freight rates on certain commodities which they estimate would increase their revenues to \$10,000,000 a year, the new schedule they propose would, in the case of grain, in some instances, result in actual reductions from the present rates.

F. R. Townsend, traffic manager of the Minneapolis and St. Louis road, so testified today in the interstate commerce commission hearing of the railroads' application for higher rates.

Mr. Townsend sought to justify the railroads' proposal to increase the rate on grain and grain products an average of 1 cent a hundred pounds to rail rates. He dealt particularly with the effect of the advance on traffic from South Dakota, Minnesota and Iowa.

An analysis of the present and past rates from these states to the various grain markets was presented, purporting to show that, to many, no advance would be effected, while to others present rates actually would be reduced because of the inauguration of commodity rates on grain which at present no commodity rates apply, the grain being hauled under class rates.

MANY GOLF CLUBS FAIL TO REPORT FOR HANDICAPS

CHICAGO, March 22.—Golf enthusiasts with membership in the Western association were threatened with a serious handicap when the handicap reports were presented today to the association.

Although handicap blanks were mailed some time ago and the closing time set for March 20 no less than 124 clubs in the association have failed to report. The clubs failing to report will not be rated in the official lists and will get extremely low marks in any handicap event in which they desire to compete, it was said.

LABOR TROUBLE WAS ALL FIXED

Zinc Mine Operatives Go Back to Work at Increase of Wages and Mines Will Not Close.

More than \$50,000 has been saved in the smelting interests in Collinsville, Sand Springs and Bartlesville, in the settlement of the differences between employees and employers at the three places, according to W. G. Ashton, state labor commissioner, who returned from there today. Through the efforts of Commissioner Ashton, assisted by labor leaders at the three cities, differences that for a time threatened to tie up the whole smelting business were adjusted amicably and for the betterment of the men.

There are about 2,000 laborers affected. They demanded 50 cents a day increase in wages and employees at Collinsville had already struck. Those at Sand Springs were to have gone out on March 16 and those at Bartlesville March 20. At the request of Commissioner Ashton those at the latter two places did not strike, but agreed to wait a week. Commissioner Ashton spent several days at the various places conferring with employees and employers and finally was successful in reaching a compromise.

The men agreed to accept an advance of 25 cents a day in wages, and all went back to work. It was shown to the satisfaction of the employees that 50 cents a day increase, with the price of zinc as it is now, would ultimately operate to close down the smelters and that by accepting the 25 cents increase the industry could be continued.

Figuring the wages and the loss that otherwise would accrue, Commissioner Ashton believes the employees and operators were saved a loss of more than \$50,000.

FRENCHMAN AND WIFE OF GERMANY ARE ON TRIAL

PARIS, March 22.—The cause of Francis Desbœux charged with stealing military supplies, today was brought before a court martial. With the wife of a German and one of the best known dressmakers of Paris, accused of receiving stolen goods.

M. Dupuy and M. Vergie, charged with aiding theft, also were before the court.

Every seat in the court room was occupied long before the hour for the opening of the case.

MONTENEGRINS REPULSE ALL AUSTRIAN ATTACKS

HAYVE, via Paris, March 22.—A dispatch from Cetinje said the Austrians conducted a heavy artillery fire on all the Montenegrin fronts on March 17 and 18. Several Austrian infantry attacks directed at points near Grabov are said to have been repulsed by the Montenegrins who suffered only slight losses.

READY TO QUIT TUESDAY NOON

General Deficiency Bill Only Thing That Is In Way Of Adjournment.

SUM OF \$241,000 IS IN BILL

House Passes Home Ownership Bill With \$10,000 to Enforce Measure.

The legislature will adjourn Monday at 12 o'clock Tuesday, according to action taken by the senate today, and providing an agreement can be reached on the general deficiency bill carrying about \$241,000 appropriation for deficiencies for government departments and miscellaneous items.

The bill has been back and forth between the house and senate several times. Saturday the senate took the last which at it and cut out several items the house had up to that time insisted upon. A claim of J. H. Perstinger, however, for \$110 was left in the bill by the house today which had been emphatically rejected by the senate and it is expected that a further hitch will occur. This was an item to which attention had been called by Senator Campbell Russell, who explained that it was for expenses incurred in a meeting of delegates to the convention for the election of members of previous board of agriculture. The senate hastened to eliminate this item.

The bill as it came from the house committee having in it charge contained the Persinger item, but accepted the amendments by the senate in all other items. It is likely that the bill will be taken up in the senate again this afternoon and the final touches be placed upon it. It is not considered very likely the measure will be killed.

Not So Much of a Joke.

The house this morning granted a short time to Mrs. Diefendorfer of New York, representing the Presbyterian home board of missions, in an address against Mormonism, following which she left a copy of a resolution which she requested the legislature to pass and transmit to Washington. She urged that the constitution be so amended as to prohibit polygamy within the United States or any province under its jurisdiction. Her remarks were directed to a long time member of the United States senate.

She called attention to the fact (Continued on Last Page.)

ALLIES' VICTORY HELD BY LABOR

If Workmen Fail England Will Be Defeated, Says Lloyd George; Must Have More War Material.

LONDON, March 22.—David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, placed grave emphasis upon the immediate necessity for a tremendous increase in the output of war material, in an interview granted today by him to a representative of the Daily Citizen. He dwelt also on the dramatic change which had come over great industrial relations as a result of the war and the value of confidence between labor and the state.

The establishment of a labor advisory committee was regarded by Mr. Lloyd George as a step which may have almost incalculable results. He believed this was the first time such a thing had been done in any country and said:

"It amounts to this: There is opening up a great new factor in the history of labor. Labor approaches this thing in a broad and generous spirit and not in a bagging spirit. This document which was signed on Friday ought to be a great chapter for labor."

"The next step will be the organization of all our resources for the production of munitions of war and without such an agreement this would have been impossible. This country would inevitably be deprived of victory in the war if labor had failed us. If by any mischance Germany should win it would be the gloomiest day that ever dawned for labor and if this experiment fails, I can imagine the British people are essentially a people who act on example and experiment rather than on argument."

FEAR KILLS A WOMAN

Paris Resident Frightened to Death By Explosion of Zeppelin Bomb; Misses Were Incendiary.

PARIS, March 22.—While no one was killed directly by the Zeppelin bombs which were dropped in Paris and its environs early yesterday, they resulted in one death that of Mme. Charles Pommou, who was so frightened by the explosion of a bomb that she died soon afterward.

A city analyst who spent the day collecting bombs which did not explode and fragments of those which did, took them to his laboratory for a chemical analysis. From a cursory examination he found that most of the missiles dropped were incendiary, containing a mixture of phosphorus, tar and benzine, accompanied by a lighting wick soaked in petroleum.

THE WEATHER

Washington Forecast. Oklahoma—Tonight and Tuesday partly cloudy.

Louisiana—Generally fair, not so cold, probably frost; Tuesday partly cloudy.

Arkansas—Tonight generally cloudy, warmer; Tuesday partly cloudy.

East Texas—Tonight partly cloudy, warmer except in extreme northwest portion, probably frost nearly to coast; Tuesday partly cloudy.

Cloudy and unsettled with probably rain or snow this afternoon and tonight. Partly cloudy weather Tuesday. Not much change in temperature.

1 a. m. 34.0
2 a. m. 33.0
3 a. m. 32.0
4 a. m. 31.0
5 a. m. 30.0
6 a. m. 29.0
7 a. m. 28.0
8 a. m. 27.0
9 a. m. 26.0
10 a. m. 25.0
11 a. m. 24.0
12 m. 23.0
1 p. m. 22.0
2 p. m. 21.0
3 p. m. 20.0

The pressure has fallen rapidly during the past twenty-four hours over the lower Mississippi valley and southern plains states. A storm appears to be developing in the southwest and cloudy and unsettled weather with scattered showers or snow flurries prevail over the lower Mississippi and Ohio valleys and lake region.

The weather is generally fair in other sections of the country. There has been a marked rise in temperature throughout the west and moderate thermal conditions obtain this morning in the upper Mississippi valley, northern plains states. Rocky mountains and far western districts. It is decidedly cold for this date in the mountainous states, lower Mississippi valley, Gulf and south Atlantic districts.

READY TO QUIT TUESDAY NOON

General Deficiency Bill Only Thing That Is In Way Of Adjournment.

House Passes Home Ownership Bill With \$10,000 to Enforce Measure.

The legislature will adjourn Monday at 12 o'clock Tuesday, according to action taken by the senate today, and providing an agreement can be reached on the general deficiency bill carrying about \$241,000 appropriation for deficiencies for government departments and miscellaneous items.

The bill has been back and forth between the house and senate several times. Saturday the senate took the last which at it and cut out several items the house had up to that time insisted upon. A claim of J. H. Perstinger, however, for \$110 was left in the bill by the house today which had been emphatically rejected by the senate and it is expected that a further hitch will occur. This was an item to which attention had been called by Senator Campbell Russell, who explained that it was for expenses incurred in a meeting of delegates to the convention for the election of members of previous board of agriculture. The senate hastened to eliminate this item.

The bill as it came from the house committee having in it charge contained the Persinger item, but accepted the amendments by the senate in all other items. It is likely that the bill will be taken up in the senate again this afternoon and the final touches be placed upon it. It is not considered very likely the measure will be killed.

Not So Much of a Joke.

The house this morning granted a short time to Mrs. Diefendorfer of New York, representing the Presbyterian home board of missions, in an address against Mormonism, following which she left a copy of a resolution which she requested the legislature to pass and transmit to Washington. She urged that the constitution be so amended as to prohibit polygamy within the United States or any province under its jurisdiction. Her remarks were directed to a long time member of the United States senate.

She called attention to the fact (Continued on Last Page.)

ALLIES' VICTORY HELD BY LABOR

If Workmen Fail England Will Be Defeated, Says Lloyd George; Must Have More War Material.

LONDON, March 22.—David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, placed grave emphasis upon the immediate necessity for a tremendous increase in the output of war material, in an interview granted today by him to a representative of the Daily Citizen. He dwelt also on the dramatic change which had come over great industrial relations as a result of the war and the value of confidence between labor and the state.

The establishment of a labor advisory committee was regarded by Mr. Lloyd George as a step which may have almost incalculable results. He believed this was the first time such a thing had been done in any country and said:

"It amounts to this: There is opening up a great new factor in the history of labor. Labor approaches this thing in a broad and generous spirit and not in a bagging spirit. This document which was signed on Friday ought to be a great chapter for labor."

"The next step will be the organization of all our resources for the production of munitions of war and without such an agreement this would have been impossible. This country would inevitably be deprived of victory in the war if labor had failed us. If by any mischance Germany should win it would be the gloomiest day that ever dawned for labor and if this experiment fails, I can imagine the British people are essentially a people who act on example and experiment rather than on argument."

FEAR KILLS A WOMAN

Paris Resident Frightened to Death By Explosion of Zeppelin Bomb; Misses Were Incendiary.

PARIS, March 22.—While no one was killed directly by the Zeppelin bombs which were dropped in Paris and its environs early yesterday, they resulted in one death that of Mme. Charles Pommou, who was so frightened by the explosion of a bomb that she died soon afterward.

A city analyst who spent the day collecting bombs which did not explode and fragments of those which did, took them to his laboratory for a chemical analysis. From a cursory examination he found that most of the missiles dropped were incendiary, containing a mixture of phosphorus, tar and benzine, accompanied by a lighting wick soaked in petroleum.

THE WEATHER

Washington Forecast. Oklahoma—Tonight and Tuesday partly cloudy.

Louisiana—Generally fair, not so cold, probably frost; Tuesday partly cloudy.

Arkansas—Tonight generally cloudy, warmer; Tuesday partly cloudy.

East Texas—Tonight partly cloudy, warmer except in extreme northwest portion, probably frost nearly to coast; Tuesday partly cloudy.

Cloudy and unsettled with probably rain or snow this afternoon and tonight. Partly cloudy weather Tuesday. Not much change in temperature.

1 a. m. 34.0
2 a. m. 33.0
3 a. m. 32.0
4 a. m. 31.0
5 a. m. 30.0
6 a. m. 29.0
7 a. m. 28.0
8 a. m. 27.0
9 a. m. 26.0
10 a. m. 25.0
11 a. m. 24.0
12 m. 23.0
1 p. m. 22.0
2 p. m. 21.0
3 p. m. 20.0

The pressure has fallen rapidly during the past twenty-four hours over the lower Mississippi valley and southern plains states. A storm appears to be developing in the southwest and cloudy and unsettled weather with scattered showers or snow flurries prevail over the lower Mississippi and Ohio valleys and lake region.

The weather is generally fair in other sections of the country. There has been a marked rise in temperature throughout the west and moderate thermal conditions obtain this morning in the upper Mississippi valley, northern plains states. Rocky mountains and far western districts. It is decidedly cold for this date in the mountainous states, lower Mississippi valley, Gulf and south Atlantic districts.

CLUBS FOR RESERVES

Government Attempting to Secure Services of Former Navy Men When Needed; Good Pay.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Organization of the new naval reserve authorized at the last session of congress has just been begun by the navy department which is sending letters to former enlisted men in an effort to induce them to enter the reserve.

Special stress is laid upon the advantages in the way of salary amounting to as much as one-third or one-half sea pay, to ex-navy men, who have been as much as sixteen or twenty years of active service and who are willing to answer the call for reserves with the small obligations in the matter of sea service required by the terms of the law.

It is estimated roughly there are about 50,000 former enlisted men eligible for readjustment as reservists. Where it is known that a reservist has a number of relatives are to be found in certain localities the department will encourage the formation of clubs. These will be maintained out of the reserve fund.

A SUFFRAGE MEETING

Representatives From Twenty-one States Will Talk of Proposed Work at Home of Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont.

NEW YORK, March 22.—Representatives of women's organizations in twenty-one states will attend a meeting of the advisory council of the congressional union for women suffrage, here March 21. A business meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, a member of the executive committee.

The progress of the movement for an amendment to the federal constitution granting suffrage to women will be presented by Mrs. Florence Kelly, national president of the Consumers' League, who will discuss the Susan B. Anthony and Shafroth Palmer amendments. The congressional union supports the Anthony amendment. Mrs. Donald R. Hooker, president of the Just Government League of Baltimore, is expected to propose a constitution for the congressional union.

The history of the suffrage movement will be reviewed by Mrs. William Kent of California.

KAPPA SIGNS TO MEET

State Convention Will Be Held in Oklahoma City April 21 and 22 When Many Entertainments Are Planned.

Members of Kappa Sigma, a national college fraternity, will be entertained at a state convention at the Lee-Huckins hotel here on April 21 and 22 by the active members of the chapter of that fraternity at the University of Oklahoma. A large representation is expected as alumni from every part of the state have signified their eagerness to come. A state convention was held by this fraternity in Oklahoma City two years ago.

According to plans the two automobile races to be held here April 20 and 21 will be attended by the visitors as will the two baseball games between Oklahoma University and the A. & M. college on April 21 and 22. A reception and dance at the Lee-Huckins hotel on April 22 a picture of the members who attend the convention, luncheon at the Lee-Huckins with a "perambulatory" banquet on the night of April 22 are a few of the leads on the proposed program.

There are several hundred members of this fraternity in the state and a large percentage of them are expected to be present. The meeting was called mainly through the insistence of the alumni for a convention of this nature.

WHEAT AND FLOUR EXPORTS ENDANGERING REQUIREMENTS

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Warning that the present heavy exports to Europe nations of American wheat and flour cannot be continued without endangering the wheat supplies for food and seedling requirements at home was contained today in the department of agriculture's agricultural outlook.

NEGRO CHARGED WITH FAMILY MURDER JAILED

MONMOUTH, Ill., March 22.—Leroy Mitchell, the negro arrested in St. Louis on a charge of murdering the Dawson family here with an axe was placed in the Joliet jail today by chief of Police Morrison of this city. Mitchell denies the murder.

Dardanelles' Defenders Await Next Attack By Fleet With Confidence

BERLIN, March 22.—The correspondent at Constantinople of the Wolff bureau telegraphed today a description of the fighting at the Dardanelles March 18, in which the French battleship Bouvet and two British battleships were sent to the bottom. There follows an abridgment of the correspondent's story of this engagement.

"The efforts of the allies to force the strait reached their climax in an artillery duel on Thursday, March 18, which lasted seven hours. There on the Turkish shore the French and British warships were shelled by clouds of smoke from exploding shells and quantities of earth thrown into the air by the projectiles of the French and British warships. The earth trembled for miles around.

"The allies entered the strait at 4:30 a. m. and shelled the town of Chanak Kale. Four French and five British warships took part in the bombardment. This engagement reached its climax at 1:30 when the fire of the allies was concentrated on Fort Hamidieh and the adjacent fortified positions.

"The attack of modern marine artillery upon strong land forts presented an interesting as well as terrifying spectacle. At times the forts were completely enveloped in smoke. The allies changed their tactics and concentrated their fire on individual batteries, but it was evident they found difficulty in getting the range. Many of their shells fell short, cast up pillars of water, or went over the forts to explode in the town.

"Turks Cheer Disaster. At 3:45, when the bombardment was the hottest, the French battleship Bouvet was seen to be sinking at the stern. A moment later her bow swung clear of the water. Cheers from the Turkish garrisons and forts greeted this sight. Torpedo boats and other craft of the allies hurried to the town.

"The attack of modern marine artillery upon strong land forts presented an interesting as well as terrifying spectacle. At times the forts were completely enveloped in smoke. The allies changed their tactics and concentrated their fire on individual batteries, but it was evident they found difficulty in getting the range. Many of their shells fell short, cast up pillars of water, or went over the forts to explode in the town.

"Turks Cheer Disaster. At 3:45, when the bombardment was the hottest, the French battleship Bouvet was seen to be sinking at the stern. A moment later her bow swung clear of the water. Cheers from the Turkish garrisons and forts greeted this sight. Torpedo boats and other craft of the allies hurried to the town.

"The attack of modern marine artillery upon strong land forts presented an interesting as well as terrifying spectacle. At times the forts were completely enveloped in smoke. The allies changed their tactics and concentrated their fire on individual batteries, but it was evident they found difficulty in getting the range. Many of their shells fell short, cast up pillars of water, or went over the forts to explode in the town.

"Turks Cheer Disaster. At 3:45, when the bombardment was the hottest, the French battleship Bouvet was seen to be sinking at the stern. A moment later her bow swung clear of the water. Cheers from the Turkish garrisons and forts greeted this sight. Torpedo boats and other craft of the allies hurried to the town.

<